



ABORTION IN THE EU: ACTORS, ISSUES AND DISCOURSES



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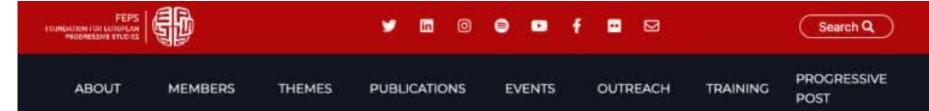


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infoducing FEPS









About

The Foundation for European Progressive Studies (FEPS) is the think tank of the progressive political family at EU level. Our mission is to develop innovative research, policy advice, training and debates to inspire and inform socialist and social democratic politics and policies across Europe.

FEPS works in close partnership with a solid network of 74 member organisations, boosting coherence among stakeholders from the world of politics, academia and civil society at local, regional, national, European and global



Our topics















Publications



gender equality

300

days away

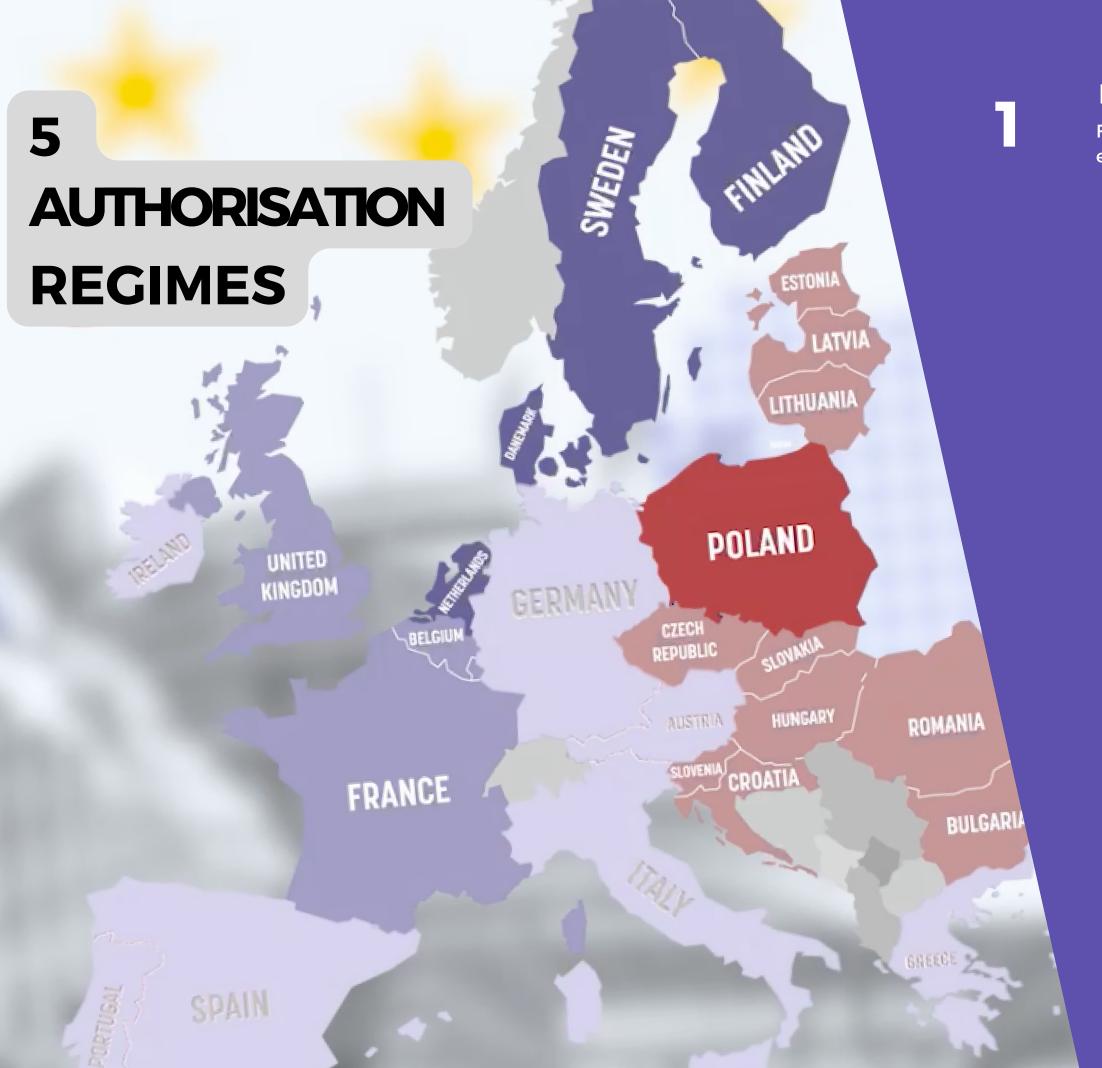
29 out of 1,000

women aged 15-44 in Europe

10<24

weeks

abortion regimes



Easy access

Few restrictive conditions. e.g. Denmark, Finland, Sweden, NL

Partial or total

decriminationlisation
certain criteria but standards of
access remain high
e·g. BE, FR, LU

Restricted access

de facto obstructed
e·g. Austria, Germany, Cyprus,
Spain, Italy, Grece, Portugal

Permitted but hampered

restrictive procedures e·g. BG, CR, ES, HU, LT, LT, RO, SK, SL

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Prohibited access

imposing very restrictive conditions e.g. Poland, Malta



ABORTION IN THE NETHERLANDS

An authorisation regime that provides easy access to abortion on request with few restrictive conditions (e.g time limits).



- The law is freely very interpreted.
- Almost no illegal abortions.
- · Most abortions are performed in licensed clinics.
- · The woman's state of distress must be established.









CONSCIENCE CLAUSE

Yes.

with an obligation to inform the woman.



WAITING PERIOD

Five days unless there is a serious risk to the woman.



COST TO THE WOMAN

Reimbursed for residents

paid for by non-residents.



CONDITIONS

In hospitals and licensed clinics, and by a doctor only. Must ensure the woman's free choice.



PARENTAL CONSENT

Not applicable.



MEDICAL ABORTION

Availablesince January 2000.



TIME LIMIT

No time limit.

In practice, 20 to 22 weeks on social grounds. the legal viability of the foetus is 24 weeks.



Law of 1981. Decree of

1984. The criminal code

defines killing a viable

foetus as infanticide.

LEGISLATION





ABORTION IN AUSTRIA

An authorisation regime that permits abortion, but where





- Difficult to obtain outside the main urban centres.
- Misuse of the conscience clause.
- · 3 provinces don't offer abortion in public hospitals.





CONSCIENCE CLAUSE

Applicable,

but its use is prohibited if there is imminent danger of death to the woman.



WAITING PERIOD

Not applicable.



DATE



Free of charge on medical grounds. Otherwise, very expensive.



CONDITIONS

- <3 months: interview.
- >3 months: medical opinion. Abortion must be performed in a public hospital by a doctor.



PARENTAL CONSENT

needed until

13 years old.



MEDICAL ABORTION

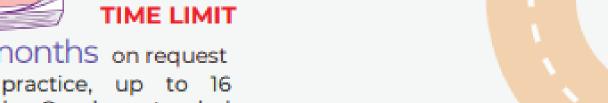
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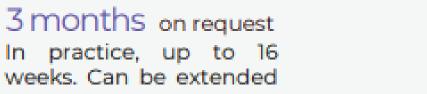


on medical grounds and

for patients aged < 14.













LEGISLATION

Federal law

criminal code.

of

Abortion falls under the

1974.



ABORTION IN POLAND

A regime that prohibits abortion by imposing very restrictive conditions on its access and making it extremely difficult in practice.



CRIMINAL SANCTIONS

Applicable.



- Extremely restrictive application of the
- Very frequent use of the conscience
- The morning-after pill has not been authorised since June 2017, except on medical prescription.
- · A bill was tabled to ban all abortions.





WAITING PERIOD

Not applicable.



LEGISLATION

Since 1993, abortion has been prohibited.

Since 1997, it is prohibited except in cases of rape or incest certified by a prosecutor, malformation of the foetus, or a health risk for the woman. Abortion falls under of the criminal code.

The Constitutional Court's ruling of 22 October 2020 prohibits abortion for foetal malformation.



Free if legal (very rare cases).



CONSCIENCE CLAUSE

Applicable. Its use is prohibited if the woman's life is in danger. Obligation to refer the woman to another professional.







12 WeekS in the case of rape certified by the public prosecutor. Can be extended on medical grounds (requiring the opinion of two doctors other than the one performing the procedure).



PARENTAL CONSENT

needed until 18 years old.





MEDICAL ABORTION

Not applicable.









ACTORS

Abortion supporters vs.
Abortion opponents



ISSUES









DISCOURSES





Social citizenship

remains a question in relation to reproductive freedom

Links & tensions

between human rights and citizenship rights around abortion

Avoid confusion

between right to abortion vs. right to safe and legal abortion





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