







Using technology to increase access



CRAFTING THE FUTURE

The Recovery and Resilience Facility, healthcare and education



RESEARCH QUESTION AND SCOPE







HEALTH CARE..



7 OUT OF THE 10 COUNTRIES WITH HIGHEST MORTALITY ARE IN THE EU

COVID19 RELATED
RESTRICTIONS
TRIGGERED

TRIGGERED

INNOVATION

ESPECIALLY ON

HEALTHCARE/

MEDICAL RESEARCH

AND EDUCATION

..AND EDUCATION



DAYS LOSS SEEMED TO BE
HIGHEST WHERE YOU HAVE
MORE EARLY SCHOOL
LEAVERS REGARDLESS
COVID CASES



Are NRRPs using technologies to improve access to public goods? Why health and education? How to improve?



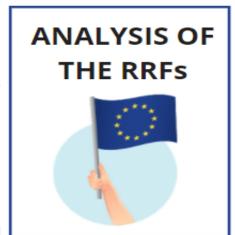






Data Sources:

• EU and International bodies (Eurostat etc.), and...



ESTONIA Education Healthcare

"Developing skills to support the digital transition"

- "Reform of the governance framework for eHealth"

reform:

Sláintecare"

FRANCE Education

- "Mise à niveau numérique de l'Etat, des territoires et des entreprises, Culture"

Healthcare - "Dossier Médical Partagé"

- "Espace Numériaue de Santé" teacher

GERMANY

Education - "Special equipment program for digital devices" - "Digital inservice

training"

Healthcare -"Program to futureproof hospitals"



Education - "Scuola 4.0" Healthcare - "Tessera

Sanitaria Elettronica" - "Nuovo Sistema Informativo Sanitario" "Fascicolo Sanitario Elettronico'

IRELAND

Healthcare Education - "Healthcare - "Digital

Strategy for Schools" - "Ireland's Third ICT Skills Action Plan"

SPAIN

Education - "Plan de Digitalización Competencia s Digitales del Sistema

Educativo"

- "Educa en

Digital"

- "Plan de Inversiòn en equipos de alta tecnologia en el Sistema Nacional de Salud" - "Data Lake

sanitario"

Healthcare

POLAND

Education Healthcare



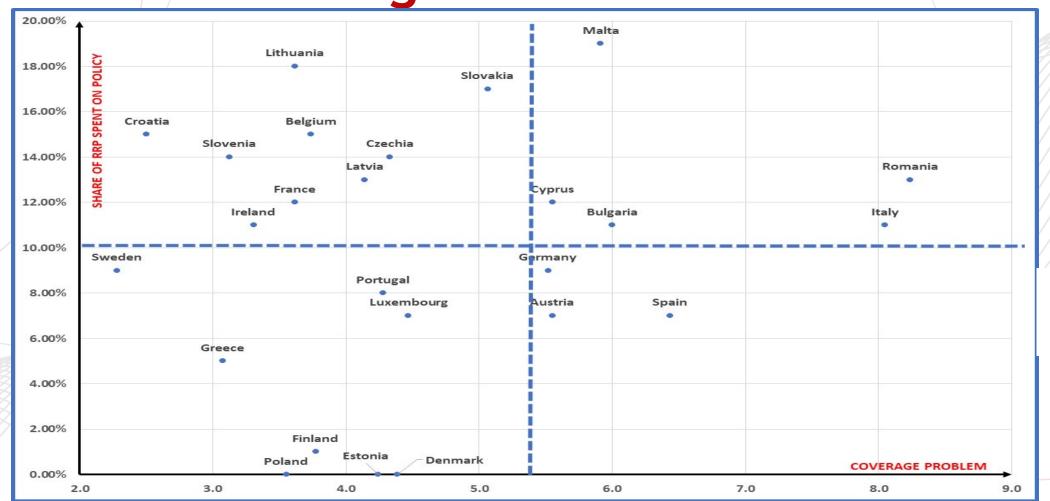








NRRPs addressing weaknesses in education?





Comparison between education coverage (before and during Covid-19) and NRRPs propensity to invest in education (%; dotted lines = EU average; coverage problem = average between early school leaving rates in 2019 and days lost during Covid-19 (since February 2020)

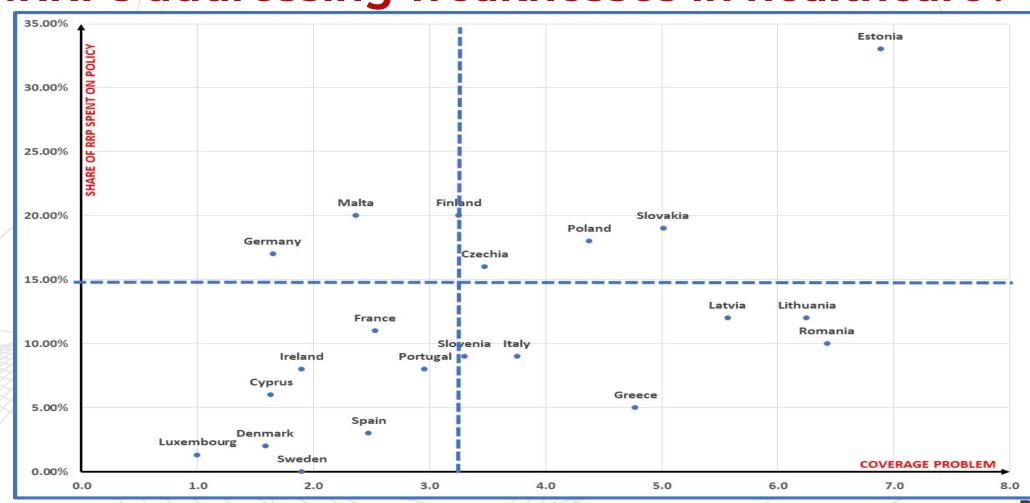








NRRPs addressing weaknesses in healthcare?





Comparison between healthcare coverage problem (before & during Covid-19) and NRRPs propensity to invest in healthcare (%; dotted line = EU average; coverage problem = average between unmet health needs in 2019 & Covid-19 excess mortality (since February 2020)

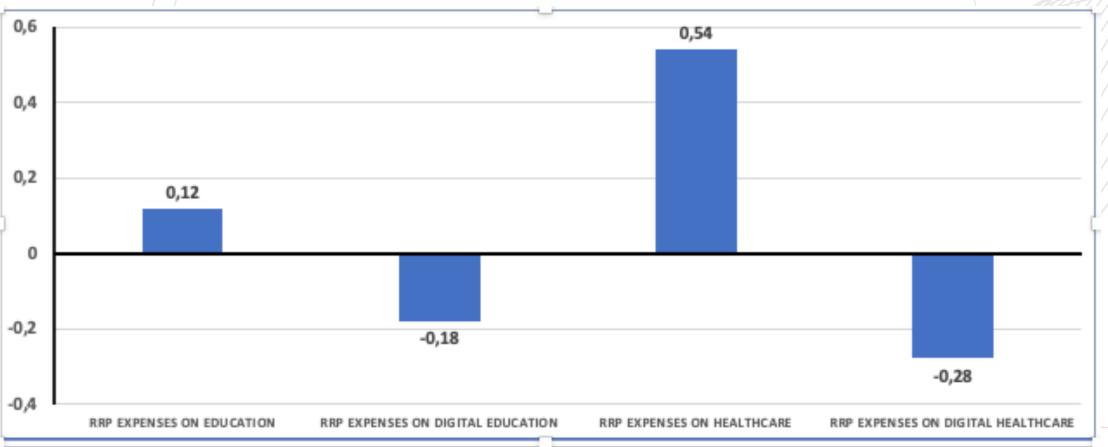








RRNPs response to vulnerabilities*









Preliminary findings/recommendations







- 1. NOT ALL NRRPS HAVE STRATEGIC APPROACH TO HEALTH AND EDUCATION
- 2. THE DIGITAL DIVIDE (ELDERLY) IS NOT SYSTEMATICALLY ADDRESSED AND THIS HAS AN IMPACT ON HEALTCARE
- 3. THE UNITENTIONAL AND HUGE EXPERIMENT OF REMOTE LEARNING WAS NOT SYSTEMATICALLY ASSESSED
- 4. MORE DIGITALLY ADVANCED (AND RICHER) COUNTRIES ARE INVESTING MORE IN DIGITAL
- 5. REFORMS DO NOT SEEM TO TAKE IN ACOUNT THE IMPACT THAT INTERNET IS HAVING ON THE CENTRALIZATION DECENTRALIZATION OF ALL ORGANIZATIONS
- 6. THERE IS A WIDER PROBLEM OF EVALUABILITY OF THE RRF













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